

# TOOLKIT Erasmus+ Alliances for Innovation 2024 (ERASMUS-EDU-2024-PI-ALL-INNO)

# Tips on how to write a good project proposal Do's and Don'ts

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### What is a good proposal?

Proposal aligned to the objectives and policy priorities of the Action which fulfills all the criteria set out in the call for proposals complying with quality standards

Very competitive call based on the quality of proposals and available budget



- A complete APPLICATION PACKAGE is not necessarily a good PROPOSAL
- An **ADMISSIBLE** and **ELIGIBLE** proposal is not a **good** proposal
- The availability of **BUDGET** does not guarantee that all proposals will be funded, ONLY quality proposals will be funded.
- Only proposals ABOVE FUNDING THRESHOLDS may be funded
- QUALITY of your proposal must be in line with your REQUESTED LUMP SUM GRANT

### **Tips to succeed**



1. Start early

- 2. Read the relevant information
- 3. Have a good understanding of the award criteria
- 4. Check the Call requirements
- 5. Choose your project idea, structure it and stick to it
- 6. Build a strong consortium
- 7. Write a clear and convincing Work Plan

8. Forecast the **budget** and request the adequate lump sum grant

9. Final polishing



### **Tip 1: Start early**

- From the opening day: 4 December 2023
- To the submission deadline: See Funding and Tenders opportunities portal





- Do not leave it until the very last minute
- A good proposal evolves and matures during the drafting process..!



# **Tip 2: Read the relevant information**



#### To PREPARE your project proposal:

2024 Erasmus+ Programme Guide

Application forms (Part B)

Lump sum funding F&TOP section

Get inspired: <u>Projects & Results (europa.eu)</u> (F&TOP from 2021) & <u>Erasmus+ project results platform</u> (legacy projects)

For resubmitted applications: carefully read the Evaluation Summary Report with experts' feedback To SUBMIT your project proposal:

An introduction to the Funding & Tenders Portal IT tools: Business process flow video tutorial

F&TOP Online Manual

F&TOP IT How To

Presentation How to submit



Addressing the award criteria	Some applicants do not understand the importance of addressing each point of the award criteria.
Award criterion 1 - RELEVANCE	Under criterion Relevance, the low quality proposals did not succeed to demonstrate a sufficiently <b>developed needs analysis</b> , which weakens the innovative aspects of the proposed activities and outcomes.
Repurposed proposals	<b>Some proposals</b> are clearly <b>written</b> to suit different calls. These might be relevant but then, they <b>fail to address the specificities</b> of the Alliances for Innovation <b>call</b> as they don't precisely match the <b>call</b> <b>objectives</b> because the focus is too general.
Resilience	It is forgotten among the skills. <b>Green and resilience skills</b> are often <b>only mentioned</b> and are <b>not fully integrated</b> in the implementation activities. The integration of resilience skills in training content sometimes remains <b>very generic</b> and poorly addressed in low scored proposals.



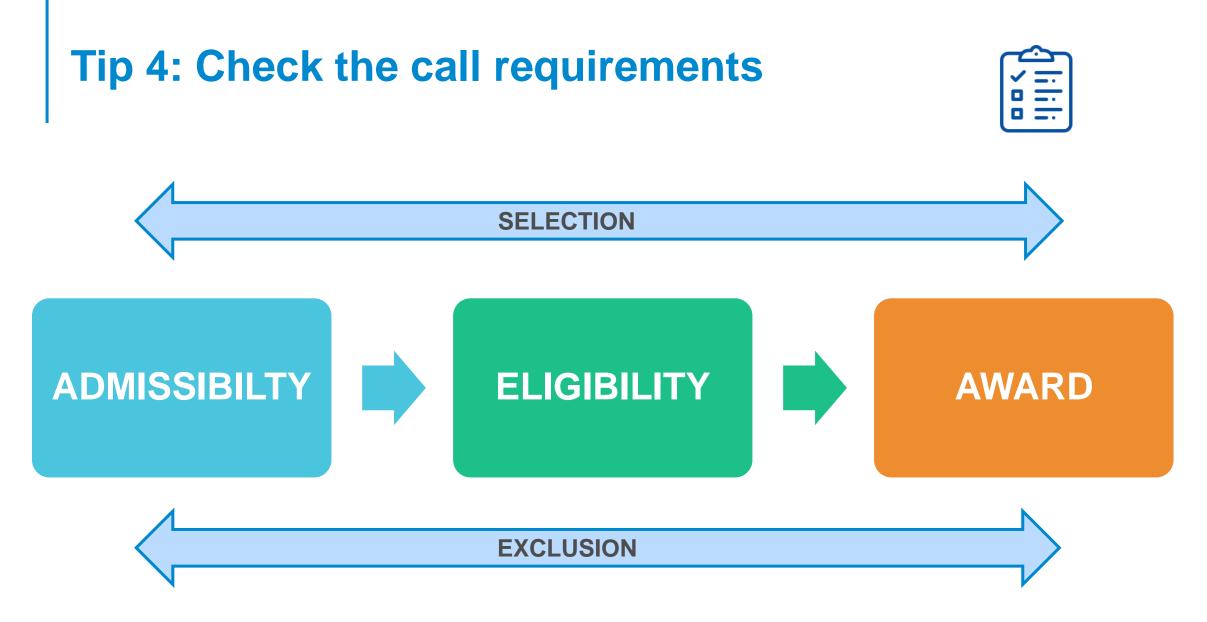
Needs analysis and the innovative factor	They are often missing, unclear or they are proposed during the project implementation for a long estimated period in parallel with the curricula. This lack of information <u>questions</u> the <b>relevance</b> , <b>innovation</b> and specific reason and <b>need to have the proposal</b> . Is the proposal responding to a need to fill-in a gap? Proposals <b>fail to acknowledge existing course/programme</b> and market provision and innovation <b>are difficult to judge</b> . Lots of applicants mention <b>digital</b> and <b>green</b> but they <b>do not reflect on the state-of-the-art</b> , to justify the proposed investment. For the majority of them <b>innovation</b> is to simply combine HEIs, VET providers and labour market actors!	
Award criterion 2 – Quality Project DESIGN and implementation	Some proposals with a low score failed to properly <b>describe</b> <b>arrangements</b> for the <b>validation and recognition of qualifications</b> .	
Award Criterion 3 - Quality PARTNERSHIP and cooperation arrangements	Industry involvement, especially SMEs, is weak in some proposals, the cross-fertilisation between academic and non academic partners is sometimes not properly integrated. Lack of balanced partners' involvement weakened by insufficient details concerning the specific expertise and roles of partners in relation to assigned activities.	

Award Criterion 3 - Quality PARTNERSHIP and cooperation arrangements	Presence of education and training providers is overall very good, whereas the presence and role of <b>VET providers</b> is not always secured. <b>University cooperation</b> still prevails in most of the applications. Labour market actors should represent the relevant sector. <u>Staff description</u> : applicants should <b>focus on their expertise</b> directly <b>related to the project domain</b> . <u>Associated partners</u> : focus should be on describing how they are relevant to the call and notably which relevant input and added value they are bringing to the proposal. What is the <b>specific reason</b> for them <b>to join</b> the proposal?
Award Criterion 4 - IMPACT	Exploitation is often not well understood and proposals do not convincingly declare the rewards to partners. Some proposals do not clearly explain how they will use and exploit the solution. Others, do <b>not differentiate between sustainability</b> actions <b>and exploitation</b> .



EU tools	Proposals should explain exactly how the different transparency and recognition tools are to be used. Often, tools were listed but without further detail.	
Accreditation	It takes time, nevertheless if a solid needs analysis is completed and the idea behind the proposal is clear, accreditation steps could already be included as evidence of willingness to prepare a solid and concrete work plan. Micro credentials are not often considered.	
Outcomes of the project	Clear information on the actual contents to be produced by the project, measurable outcomes, KPIs, at early stages of the project are needed.	







### **Admissibility conditions**

Submit your application well **before the deadline** (48 h)

#### Use only **OFFICIAL** forms (available in the F&TOP)

Submit **ALL** the required forms and fill in ALL the applicable sections Experts assess your proposal based on the information available in your application only

Draft your proposal in an **EU language understandable** to all your consortium

Proposals received by email are **disregarded**  Pages of Part B beyond **120 pages** are disregarded during evaluation

**INADMISSIBLE** PROPOSAL

#### PROPOSAL EXCLUDED FROM EVALUATION PROCESS







# **Eligible countries**

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Commission

	27 EU Member States	Third countries associated to the Programme	Third countries not associated to the Programme*
	30°W 15°W 0° 15°E 45°E Finland Sor N Ireland Demant, Linguis Bigging Germany Poland Bigging Coronary Bigging Anna Anata Hangy Komania Grouts Fronce Anata Hangy Komania Grouts Bigging Coronary Bigging Anna Anata Hangy Komania Grouts Bigging Coronary Bigging Bigging Coronary Bigging Bigging Coronary Bigging Bigging Coronary Bigging Anna Anata Hangy Komania Grouts Bigging Coronary Bigging Bigging Coronary Bigging	Iceland Liechtenstein Norway Republic of North Macedonia Republic of Serbia Republic of Türkiye	Rest of the world e.g.: United Kingdom, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Switzerland, Montenegro, Ukraine, Asia, Latin America, Africa, US, Canada, etc. INELIGIBILITY OF BELARUSSIAN and RUSSIAN organisations
APPLICANT			
PARTNER			
AFFILIATED ENTITIES			
ASSOCIATED PARTNERS			Europea

\*For Lot 1 and Lot 2 Third Countries not associated to the Programme are eligible to participate as partner

# **CONSORTIUM composition (example for Lot 1)**



- Min. of 8 full partners, min. 4 partners from different EU countries and countries associated to the Programme (if applicable), at least 3 labour market actors, at least 3 HEs and training providers (2+1 or 1+2)
- Large consortium does not make a good proposal..!
- Participating organisations can participate as AFFILIATED ENTITES (PIC required)
- Affiliated entities have access to grant (share to be included in budget calculator)
- Participation of THIRD COUNTRIES if they bring an added value
- Participation of ASSOCIATED PARTNERS is not compulsory but can participate if they bring an added value (PIC required) – no allocated budget

### Tip 5: Choose your idea, structure it well and stick to it!

Ask yourself if you have:

- A clear project objective
- A clear understanding of the current state of art in the field/sector
- A clear identified **need**
- A clear target group(s)
- A clear set of partners covering a wide geographical area
- A clear **innovative** proposal that makes the difference or brings an **added value**



Your proposal must fit into the **requirements** of the Action and **fill in a gap** in the needs of the participating organisations and specific sector



### **Tip 6: Build a strong consortium**



Be **consistent** – remain relevant to your objective & target group

Be **adaptable** – be ready to omit a country if you do not secure the right partner

**Choose well** your partners – with diverse competences

**Partnership** with a wide EU cover and beyond is important!

**Involve** partners in the proposal preparation – avoid surprises after submission

Keep **communication** with partners during the whole process

Do not cover the EU map **artificially**.



# Tip 7 Write a clear and convincing Work Plan

During the project's lifetime, your **performance** will be continuously assessed by EACEA based on the deliverables to be submitted **periodically** 

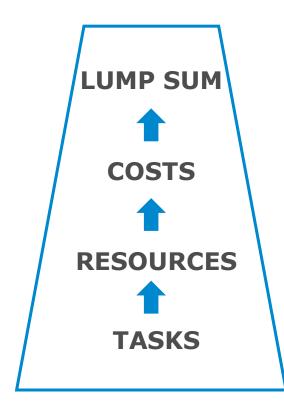
- Be realistic and reasonable Adapt the number of deliverables to the size of your project and work packages
- Structure your deliverables and **do not multiply** them try to combine similar deliverables into one.
- Refer only to major outputs Do NOT include minor sub-items, internal working papers, meeting minutes, etc.
- Try to keep **balance** of the deliverables to be submitted along the lifetime of the project
- Horizontal deliverable (over the whole project): if possible, try to split it into two deliverables (one for the first part of the project and another one for the second part). If not possible, submit it at the end of the project.
- EU reporting documents (progress and final reports) are not considered as deliverables. Please do not include them as deliverables
- Please <u>avoid writing</u> a Work Plan which <u>is not finalized</u>. Structure your WPs and deliverables well to avoid amendments



### **Tip 8: Create a budget**

#### Define your budget

- First describe the tasks then define the budget
- Check consistency while working on your work plan:
  - Share of resources
  - > Appropiate allocation between partners
- Choose the suitable budget for each WP





# **Tip 9: Final polishing**

- Check the completeness of the proposal
- Check consistency of your description of activities and budget
- Ask someone for critical reading and feedback
- If you have the chance, have a native speaker for proofreading
- And, last but not least..... SUBMIT IT ON TIME!!!



**BE REACHABLE** – keep Coordinator's contact details updated during the whole evaluation process



### **Overall tips & hints**



Be **coherent** with the objectives of the Action and **relevant** to the policy priorities, avoid contradictions and patchwork

Be **concrete** use examples, justify your statements, bring evidence

Be **focused**, think before your write, stick to what is asked, think about your audience - what is the main message?

Be **accurate**, **clear** and **complete** – give adequate reply to each question

Keep it **simple** - complexity creates fog; simplicity clears it

Be **precise** - develop the idea, provide concrete examples

Make sure you apply under the **correct Lot** (1, 2) and follow the applicable requirements



Do not use very **long sentences** – 1 main idea per sentence

Beware of **jargon** - Avoid jargon wherever possible, but if you have to use a jargon term then explain it in plain language at first use

Avoid abbreviations and **acronyms** - Spell out abbreviations and acronyms at first use and avoid using them if possible (or if used less than three times in a section)

Do not be **repetitive** – avoid repeating the same information in different parts of the application

Be aware of **plagiarism** – checked during evaluation



# Thank you and good luck!



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